

2023 Edition of the EUIPO Guidelines:

Overview of main changes

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The Office's <u>current</u> trade mark and design practice is reflected in <u>a series of structured Guidelines</u> that are intended to be of practical use both to Office staff in charge of the various procedures and to users of the Office's services.





IP Knowledge Circles – cross departmental

IP KC AG & EP



IP KC Register



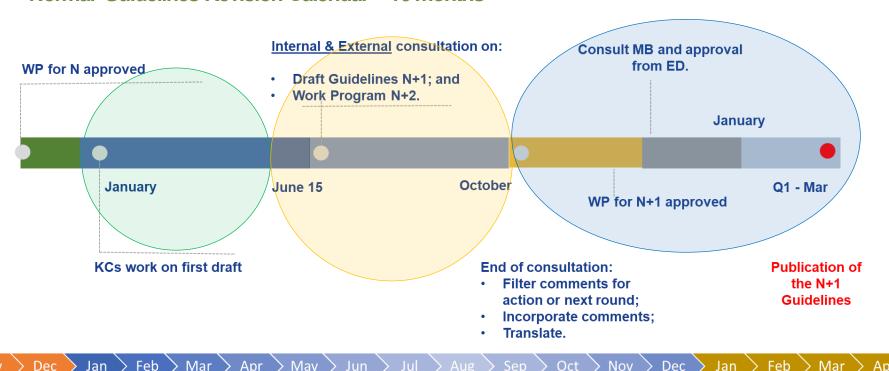








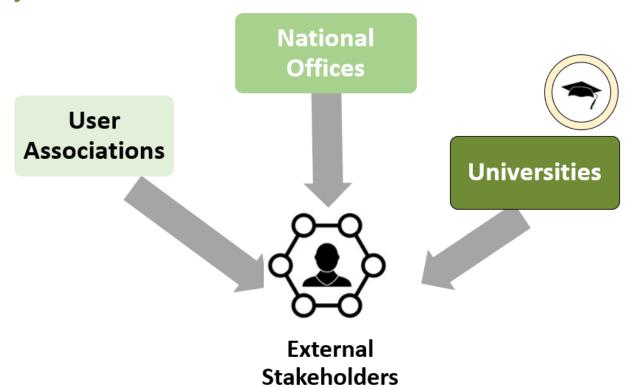
'Normal' Guidelines Revision Calendar - 16 months



N-1 N N+1



Revision Cycle – Who?



General rules





Part A General rules

Section 01

Means of Communication, time limits



Section 06 Revocation of decisions, cancellation of entries in the register and correction of errors



Section 02

General principles to be respected in proceedings



Section 07

Revision



Section 03

Payment of fees, costs and charges



Section 08

Restitutio in integrum



Section 04

Language of proceedings



Section 09

Enlargement



Section 05

Parties to the proceedings and professional representation







Data carriers

- ✓ ☐ Section 1 Means of communication, time limits
 - 1 Introduction
 - 2 Procedures for Filing and for Communication with the Office
 - ✓ ☐ 3 Notification and Communication of Documents
 - →

 ☐ 3.1 Communications to the Office in writing or by other means
 - 3.1.1 By electronic means Via the User Area (electronic means)
 - 3.1.2 By post or courier service
 - 3.1.3 Annexes to communications
 - 3.1.4 Data carriers



EUIPO's management tool







Decision No EX-22-7 of 29 November 2022 on technical specification submitted on data carriers

Data carrier:

- small portable storage devices, e.g., USB flash drives, pen drives, similar memory units
- external hard drives, memory cards, CD ROMs, DVDs, other optical discis, magnetic data carriers



CHANGE OF PRACTICE!!

File formats:

- JPEG, MP3, MP4, standard/static PDF, TIFF, STL, OBJ, X3D
- fillable PDF forms, PDF files that include added object (black-outs)

executable, compressed or encrypted formats CMZK colour mode or JPEG progressive images





Decision No EX-22-7 of 29 November 2022 on technical specification submitted on data carriers

Size:



✓ 20 MB each file





No remedy!

CHANGE OF PRACTICE!!







Extension of DL by ED (Art. 101(3) EUTMR and 58 CDIR) – 6 h

- ✓ ☐ Section 1 Means of communication, time limits
 - 1 Introduction
 - 2 Procedures for Filing and for Communication with the Office
 - > \(\Bigcap \) 3 Notification and Communication of Documents
 - ✓ ☐ 4 Time Limits Specified by the Office
 - 4.1 Length of the time limits specified by the Office
 - 4.2 Expiry of time limits
 - 4.3 Extension of time limits
 - 4.4 Continuation of proceedings
 - 4.5 Restitutio in integrum



EUIPO's management tool



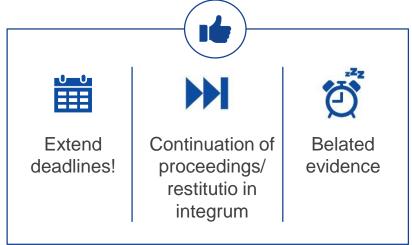
6 h





Recommendations!





https://euipo.europa.eu/knowledge/course/view.php?id=4910





Part A General rules

Section 01

Means of Communication, time limits



Section 06

Revocation of decisions, cancellation of entries in the register and correction of errors



Section 02

General principles to be respected in proceedings



Section 07

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Section 03

Payment of fees, costs and charges



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Section 09

Enlargement



Section 05

Parties to the proceedings and professional representation







Definition well-known facts





Likely to be known by anyone Learnt from generally accessible sources







Part A General rules

Section 01

Means of Communication, time limits



Section 06

Revocation of decisions, cancellation of entries in the register and correction of errors



Section 02

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Section 05

Parties to the proceedings and professional representation







Part A General rules

Section 01

Means of Communication, time limits



Section 06 Revocation of decisions, cancellation of entries in the register and correction of errors



Section 02

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Section 05

Parties to the proceedings and professional representation







Revocation versus correction



Revocation decisions/
Cancellation
registrations
(Art. 103 EUTMR)

- new analysis
- new appeal
- 1 year



Correction decisions/registrations (Art. 102 EUTMR)

- no new analysis
- no new appeal period
- no DL



Correction Publication EUTMA (Art. 44(3) EUTMR)

applications only





Revocation versus correction



Revocation decisions/ Cancellation registrations (Art. 103 EUTMR)

- new analysis
- new appeal
- 1 year

CHANGE OF PRACTICE!

obvious error

does not allow the operative part of that decision or that entry to be maintained without a new analysis

not limited to procedural errors, obvious distortion of facts, obvious error on substance (T-160/20, Marina Yachting)





Revocation versus correction



Correction decisions/registrations (Art. 102 EUTMR)

- no new analysis
- no new appeal period
- no DL

CHANGE OF PRACTICE!!

obvious formal mistakes affecting form not scope/substance of decision

no wording other than the corrected wording could be intended

errors not justifying revocation; e.g. incongruous elements in dictum (some examples changed from revocation to correction)

no new analysis/decision no new appeal period no deadline





Part A General rules

Section 01

Means of Communication, time limits



Section 06

Revocation of decisions, cancellation of entries in the register and correction of errors



Section 02

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Section 07

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Section 03

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Section 05

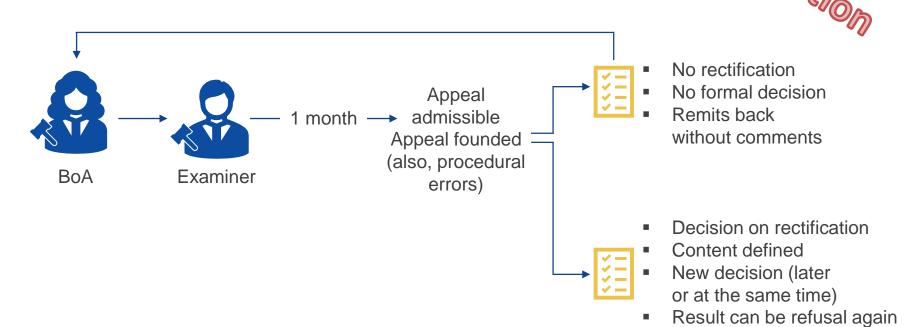
Parties to the proceedings and professional representation







Revision – ex parte (Art. 69 EUTMR, Art. 58 CD)







Revision – ex parte (Art. 69 EUTMR, Art. 58 CD)





- statement that the initial decision (i.e. the appealed decision) is deemed to have been repealed;
- statement establishing procedural situation :
 - decision on merits at later stage and that decision on rectification can only be appealed together with the later decision on the merits;

or

- new decision on the merits replacing the initial decision is adopted, and a statement that an appeal can be filed within 2 months;
- 4. design proceedings: order to reimburse the appeal fee.







Part A general rules

Section 01

Means of Communication, time limits



Section 06 Revocation of decisions, cancellation of entries in the register and correction of errors



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Parties to the proceedings and professional representation

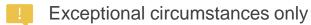






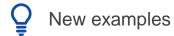
Restitutio in integrum (Art. 104 EUTMR, Art. 67 CDR)

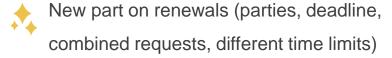
















Recap





Data carriers (new ED decision)



Time limits (extensions, webinar)



Definition well known facts



Account holders



Recovation/correction



Revision



Restitutio in integrum





Examination





Part B: Examination

Section 2: FORMALITIES

Section 3: CLASSIFICATION

Section 4: ABSOLUTE GROUNDS FOR REFUSAL





Part B: Examination

Section 2: FORMALITIES

- Multiple figurative representations
- Dotted lines

Section 3: CLASSIFICATION

Section 4: ABSOLUTE GROUNDS FOR REFUSAL





1. Multiple Figurative Representations

CHANGE OF PRACTICE!!

4.1.4 Representation of the mark; 10 Series Marks;10.1 Multiple figurative representations

- EUTMR does not allow for series / serial marks
- Changes:
 - ✓ If <u>representation</u> of applied sign <u>contains</u> various versions of same figurative sign ...
 - → Not regarded anymore as a combination of all the versions of the sign
 - → Deficiency on **filing date** (representation **not clear** & **precise Art.** 4(b) EUTMR)
 - ✓ Invitation to **submit** a **new representation** showing a **single mark**
 - ✓ When new acceptable representation is filed → a new filing date will be granted.





2. Dotted lines

MODIFICATION

9.1.2 Dotted lines

- Clarification of practice 'dotted lines' with intro of new paragraph
- If description allowed for type mark applied → function 'dotted lines' can be clarified there
- Functions of 'dotted lines' in the representation:
 - ✓ Stylistic / decorative elements
 - √ Visual disclaimers in position marks and shape marks
 - ✓ Visual disclaimers of elements that per se do not form part of the TM subject matter ... BUT of the overall impression of the mark, by illustrating the particular manner in which variable elements interact with predetermined elements (e.g., placeholders).
- New illustrative examples





Part B: Examination

Section 2: FORMALITIES

Section 3: CLASSIFICATION

- Virtual goods, NFTs and services provided online or in a virtual environment
- ANNEX: Clarifications

Section 4: ABSOLUTE GROUNDS FOR REFUSAL





Part B, Section C, Classification

New

ANNEX. 6.25 Downloadable goods and virtual goods

- Virtual goods
- Non–fungible tokens (NFTs)
- Services provided online or in virtual environments



Definitions Principles Examples







Part B, Section C, Classification

Virtual goods



Definition: Non-physical items for use in online and/or virtual environments.

Principles:

- The term per se lacks clarity and precision → goods must be specified
- Class 9

Non-fungible tokens (NFTs)



Definition:

- A cryptographic tool that uses a blockchain to create a unique, non-fungible digital asset which can be owned and traded.
- Used as unique digital certificates to record an interest of some kind in relation to an item

Principle: The term *not acceptable* → the asset must be specified

Services provided online or in virtual environments



Principle: Classified according to the *underlying nature* of the service, taking into account its *impact in the real world*.





Part B, Section C, Classification

Clarification ANNEX

- 6.12 Brokerage:
 - → definition, explanations as to why *brokerage* is proper to Class 36
- 6.26 Electricity and energy
 - → terms retail or wholesale of energy or of electricity not acceptable
- 6.41 Kits and sets
 - → guidance on how to classify *unspecified* kits and sets: scenarios with examples





Part B: Examination

Section 2: FORMALITIES

Section 3: CLASSIFICATION

Section 4: ABSOLUTE GROUNDS FOR REFUSAL

- Languages and relevant territories for objections
- Deceptive trade marks





Languages and Relevant Territories for Objections (i)

New!!

Chapter 1: General Principles; '4. European Criteria'

- Glossary to define expressions used for different languages
- Approaches explained on different 'types' of languages in examination
- Clarifications:
 - Indication of languages in objections; and
 - indication of relevant territories (GC: ONLY when support is necessary)
- Territorial consequences of objections/refusals → clarification of link 'languages territories'
 - EN
- ✓ Basic terms understood throughout whole EU
- ✓ It is widely understood in some MS
- ✓ Some professionals understand certain terms



→ At least **Baltic MS** (Court)





Languages and Relevant Territories for Objections (ii)



Chapter 14: Acquired Distinctiveness Through Use (Article 7(3) EUTMR); **6.2 Language Area**

- Alignment with prior new Point 4. European criteria.
- Clarification:
 - ✓ If Office considers an objection covers:
 - more MS than originally mentioned
 - MS where a language is not official
 - → it will inform the applicant before the application refusal (ONLY if necessary)
 - ✓ The moment Office informs applicant depends on:
 - type of AD claim (principal or subsidiary)
 - point in time of AD claim
 - Office will ensure applicant has necessary knowledge to file evidence for all relevant territory/-ies



Deceptive Trade Marks (i)

FULLY UPDATED!!

Chapter 8: Deceptive Trade Marks (Article 7(1)(g) EUTMR)

Clarification of test of deceptiveness in line w/ recent case-law.

After publication GLs draft, on 29/06/2022 Judgement T-306/20 La Irlandesa 1943 (fig.)

NEW!! included as it confirms practice

- New examples to highlight practice + whole chapter re-structured as follows:
 - 1. The deceptive character. Principles:
 - ✓ EUTMR provides for protection against deceptive marks in **AG** + **Cancellation**
 - ✓ Function cannot be performed when mark is deceptive
 - ✓ Actual deceit or a sufficiently serious risk must exist
 - ✓ Good faith when non-deceptive use is possible for other G/S w/in broader category
 - ✓ Average consumer: reasonably attentive + not vulnerable to deception





Deceptive Trade Marks (ii)

- 2. The test of deceptiveness. Two cumulative criteria must be met:
 - ✓ **Sign** conveys a **specific, clear and unambiguous message** re: the *nature, quality or geo origin of the G/S*, worded in such a manner that **non-deceptive use is impossible**.
 - ✓ Relevant public relies on message + purchase G/S in the mistaken belief that they possess a characteristic which they cannot have (actual deceit / sufficient serious risk)

Examples of deceptive and non-deceptive marks.

- 3. Categories of deceptiveness. Nature, quality, geo origin G/S; Official approval (non-exhaustive)
- 4. Relation with other EUTMR provisions → test of deceptiveness is *prima facie* the same in examination and in some post registration actions (revocation + invalidity based on AG)



Gls and Collective Rights





Gls

C-783/19, CHAMPANILLO

REGULATION (EU) 2021/2117 AMENDING GIS REGULATIONS





09/09/2021, C-783/19, Champanillo

PART B, SECTION 4, Chap. 10, TMs in conflict with Gls (Art. 7(1)(j) EUTMR) PART C, SECTION 6, Geographical indications (Art. 8(6) EUTMR)

Findings of Champanillo case:

- strict interpretation of concept of use [4.1 Use of a GI (direct or indirect use)]
- evocation does not require similarity or identity of goods covered by the GI and contested G/S [3.1.2 Evocation, imitation, misuse and misleading practices]
- reputation beyond the Gl's inherent reputation is one of the factors in the global assessment of evocation [4.2.2 <u>Imitation/evocation</u>].







Regulation (EU) 2021/2117 Amending Gls Regulations

PART B, SECTION 4, Chap. 10-12, TMs in conflict with GIs and TSGs (Art. 7(1)(j) and (l) EUTMR) PART C, SECTION 6, Geographical indications (Art. 8(6) EUTMR)

Regulation (EU) 2021/2117 amended EU Regulations on agricultural Gls. Changes in GLs:

- Deletion of references to aromatised wines (now categorised as a foodstuff)
- Update of provisions on definition and protection of Gls and TSGs.





Relative Grounds and Inter Partes Proceedings





Relative Grounds and Inter Partes Proceedings

PART C - OPPOSITION

Section 1: OPPOSITION PROCEEDINGS

Section 2: **DOUBLE IDENTITY AND LOC**

Section 7: PROOF OF USE

PART D - CANCELLATION

Section 1: CANCELLATION PROCEEDINGS





PART C - OPPOSITION

Section 1: OPPOSITION PROCEEDINGS

- Notice of Opposition
- Adversarial Stage
- Request for POU

Section 2: DOUBLE IDENTITY AND LOC

- Chapter 2: Comparison of Goods & Services
- Chapter 5: Distinctiveness of the Earlier Mark

Section 7: PROOF OF USE





Part C, Opposition, Section 1, Opposition Proceedings

Clear and Consistent

2. Notice of opposition, 2.4 Admissibility check, 2.4.2 Relative admissibility requirements, 2.4.2.2 Representation of earlier marks

If colour mark a representation in colour is to be submitted

However, if a representation **in black & white** indicating:

 colours in words in the language of the proceedings or generally recognised colour codes (such as Pantone, Hex, RAL, RGB or CMYK)

+

their distribution within the mark (e.g. using arrows)



EQUIVALENT to a 'representation in colour' (Article 2(2)(f)EUTMDR)







+

Part C, Opposition, Section 1, Opposition Proceedings

4. Adversarial Stage, 4.2 Substantiation, 4.2.3 Trade mark registrations or applications that are not EUTMs, 4.2.3.6 Verification of the evidence

Representation in colour from an official source is to be submitted

However, if the official source provides a representation **in black & white** indicating:

colours in WORDS (to be **translated** in the **language of the proceedings**)



COLOUR CODES

(such as Pantone, Hex, RAL, RGB or CMYK)

their distribution within the mark (e.g. using arrows)

EQUIVALENT

to colours in **WORDS**





Part C, OPPOSITION and Part D, CANCELLATION

Change of practice

Proof of genuine use: calculation of the 'Relevant period' in oppositions / invalidity proceedings

- LEGAL BACKGROUND
- PRACTICE UNTIL NOW
- NEW PRACTICE
- WHY THIS CHANGE





LEGAL BACKGROUND

Article 47(2)EUTMR (OPPOSITIONS)

If the applicant (of the contested mark) so requests, the **opponent** is to furnish **proof** that, **during the 5year period preceding the date of filing or the date of priority* of the EU trade mark application**, the **earlier mark** has been put to **genuine use** in the EU/MS in connection with the G/S in respect of which it is registered, provided that the earlier mark has at that date been registered for not less than five years.



^{* &}lt;u>Before the LR</u>, Article 42(2)Reg. 207/2009: ...during the period of 5years preceding the date of publication of the CTM application



LEGAL BACKGROUND

Article 64(2)EUTMR (INVALIDITY)

If the proprietor (of the contested mark) so requests, the **invalidity applicant** is to furnish **proof** that, during the period of <u>5 years preceding the date of the application for a declaration of invalidity</u>, the earlier mark has been put to genuine use in the EU/MS in connection with the G/S in respect of which it is registered, provided that the earlier mark has at that date been registered for not less than 5 years (<u>1st relevant period</u>). If, **at the date on which the EU trade mark application was filed (or at its priority date)***, the earlier mark had been registered for not less than five years, the **invalidity applicant** is to furnish proof that, **in addition**, the **conditions** set out in **Article 47(2)** were satisfied at that date (<u>2nd relevant period</u>).

* Before the LR, Article 57(2)Reg. 207/2009: ...at the date on which the CTM application was published



PRACTICE UNTIL NOW

Calculation based on the DATE OF FILING of the <u>OPPOSITION</u> (or of the <u>INVALIDITY</u> <u>APPLICATION</u>)

• If OPPO/INV. filed on/after 23.03.2016 EUTMR applicable

POU = 5years preceding the date of FILING or the date of PRIORITY of the contested EUTM

• If OPPO/INV. filed before 23.03.2016 CTMR applicable (Reg.207/2009 or Reg. 40/94)

POU = 5 years preceding the date of PUBLICATION of the contested CTM





NEW PRACTICE

Calculation based on the DATE OF FILING of the CONTESTED MARK

• If <u>CONTESTED MARK</u> filed <u>on/after 23.03.2016</u> EUTMR applicable

POU = 5years preceding the date of <u>FILING</u> or the date of <u>PRIORITY</u> of the contested <u>EUTM</u>

• If <u>CONTESTED MARK</u> filed before 23.03.2016 CTMR applicable (Reg207/2009 or Reg. 4094)

POU = 5 years preceding the date of <u>PUBLICATION</u> of the <u>contested CTM</u>





WHY THIS CHANGE



T-515/21, 23.11.2022, EUPHYTOS/EUPHIDRA, §§37-39 [and T-102/22, 01.03.2023, GOURMET, §§16-20]

- the relevant provisions in the EUTMR/CTMR concerning calculation of the relevant period/s in POU are SUBSTANTIVE rules
- in the case of applications for invalidity (and oppositions), the FILING DATE
 of APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION of the CONTESTED TRADE MARK is
 decisive for the identification of the applicable substantive law



Part C, Opposition, Section 1, Opposition Proceedings

Coherent and Complete

- 5. Procedure related to the request for proof of use,
- 5.1.4. Request made in a separate document

Separate document requirement (in POU): NOW HERE!

[from paragraph 4.4.1. Restrictions, withdrawals and requests for proof of use to be filed by way of a separate document]

+

CONTENT (in line with Grand Board decision R 2142/2018-G, DIESEL SPORT):

- separate document = separate submission or separate annex of a submission
- e-comm: specific e-action 'Request proof of use" via User Area
 [or e-action 'Submit observations' as a separate annex of a submission clearly indicating 'Annex X: REQUEST for POU']





Part C – Opposition

Section 1: OPPOSITION PROCEEDINGS

Section 2: **DOUBLE IDENTITY AND LOC**

- Chapter 2: Comparison of Goods & Services
- Chapter 5: Distinctiveness of the Earlier Mark

Section 7: PROOF OF USE





Part C, Section 2, Chapter 2 Comparison of Goods and Services

Change of Practice

- 5.4.4. Provision of food and drinks vs food and drinks
 - → Case law:
 - a low degree of similarity can be generally found
 - when compared to <u>mere basic ingredients</u>, <u>not consumed as such</u> → in principle, <u>similarity unlikely</u>





Part C, Section 2, Chapter 2 Comparison of Goods and Services

Clarifications

- 2. Identity. 2.1. General principles
 - → Notion of 'broad category' is not limited to a single term
- 1.2.3 Conclusions to be drawn from the structure of the Nice Classification
 - → Case law: relevance of the Nice Classification (*class number* and *explanatory notes*)
- 2.5 Practice on the use of general indications of the class headings
 - → Scope of protection of national trade marks containing the Nice class headings: updated





Part C – Opposition

Section 1: OPPOSITION PROCEEDINGS

Section 2: DOUBLE IDENTITY AND LOC

- Chapter 2: Comparison of Goods & Services
- Chapter 5: Distinctiveness of the Earlier Mark

Section 7: PROOF OF USE





Part C, Opposition, Section 2, Double identity and LOC



5. Distinctiveness of the earlier mark, 2. Assessment of distinctiveness of the earlier mark, 2.2 Examination of inherent distinctiveness of the Earlier Mark, 2.2.1 General principles

Office's practice as to earlier mark's **inherent distinctiveness**: non-descriptive/not non-distinctive = NORMAL degree



- Reference to *highly original, unusual* or *unique* character of the earlier mark:
 <u>DELETED</u>
- NEW CASE-LAW: if no conceptual link mark-relevant G/S, NOT automatically HIGH degree of inherent distinctiveness



Part C – Opposition

Section 1: OPPOSITION PROCEEDINGS

Section 2: DOUBLE IDENTITY AND LOC

Chapter 2: Comparison of Goods & Services

Chapter 5: Distinctiveness of the Earlier Mark

Section 7: PROOF OF USE





Part C, Opposition, Section 7, Proof of Use

Clear and Case-law

- 6. Nature of use, 6.3 Use in connection with the registered G/S, 6.3.2 Relevance of the Classification
- Use actually proven = genuine use for the registered G/S ?

ROLE played by the **NICE CLASSIFICATION** (class numbers and explanatory notes | nature and purpose of G/S):



- general terms in the same class
- similar categories of G/S classified in different classes (specific purpose)
- but, <u>in exceptional cases</u>, the term for which the mark is registered clearly identifies G/S belonging to a different class: actual wording is <u>DECISIVE</u>

EXAMPLES from recent CASE-LAW





Part D - Cancellation

Section 1: CANCELLATION PROCEEDINGS





Part D, Cancellation, Section 1, Cancellation Proceedings



2 Applications for cancellation, 2.5 Admissibility check, 2.5.1 Absolute admissibility requirements, 2.5.1.3 Res judicata (Article 63(3) EUTMR)

NOW HERE!

[from Section 2, Substantive Provisions, Chapter 5]

+

CONTENT (more complete **EXPLANATIONS** and **EXAMPLES**):

- Final decision on the substance (15.09.2021, T-207/20, Palladium Hotels & Resorts (fig.)/Grand hotel Palladium)
- Same subject matter and cause of action
- Same parties





Part D, Cancellation, Section 1, Cancellation Proceedings



2 Applications for cancellation, 2.5 Admissibility check, 2.5.1 Absolute admissibility requirements, 2.5.1.4 Subsequent applications based on other rights that could have been invoked in support of the first application (Article 60(4) EUTMR)

T-207/20, 15.09.2021, PALLADIUM HOTELS & RESORTS (fig.)/Grand hotel palladium implemented:

- INADMISSIBLE: any subsequent application for invalidity filed by the proprietor of an earlier right referred to in Article 60(1) or (2) EUTMR or by its successor in title, where such an application is based on <u>OTHER</u> EARLIER RIGHTS that could have been claimed in the first proceedings but were not;
- ADMISSIBLE: any subsequent application for invalidity based on the <u>SAME</u> EARLIER RIGHT that was invoked in the course of a previous action which was not adjudicated on the merits.





Examination of applications for registered Community designs

Examination of design invalidity applications





Examination of applications for registered Community designs

Clarifications



[8.1 Payment of fees]

A paragraph is added to clarify that the Office will not begin examining the application, and therefore will not accord a filing date, until the fee has been paid.



11.2.3 Changes in the name and/or address of the applicant/holder and/or its representative or in the citation of the designer or team of designers

The requirements for adding or deleting a designer or team of designers from the Register are provided





Examination of design invalidity applications

Change of Practice



[3.10.3 Admissibility in respect of one of the grounds or the earlier rights or prior designs relied on and 4.2.2 Examination of the grounds for invalidity]

Following an error identified by Stakeholder Quality Assurance Panels (SQAP) auditors during the SQAP audit, these topics have been completely revised to clarify when it is necessary to reopen admissibility proceedings. In particular, a **CHANGE OF PRACTICE** is introduced when novelty "and/or" individual character is claimed as grounds for invalidity: the admissibility examination will ensure that the scope of the application is clear and invite the applicant to clarify whether both grounds are invoked and which prior designs are relevant with respect to each of the grounds.



Examination of design invalidity applications

Clarifications



[5.5 Technical function; 5.5.1 Rationale; 5.5.2 Examination;] The topic of Technical Function has been updated in its entirety.



[5.7.2 Assessment of novelty and individual character; 5.7.2.2 Individual character]

- Point of reference for the comparison
- Features dictated by a technical function and features of interconnection
- Individual character.



Register Operations





Register Operations

Section 2: CONVERSION

Section 3, chapter 1: TRANSFER





Conversion





Calculation DL when subsidiary claim of acquiered distinctiveness



R 1241/2020 Nightwatch – currently no change of practice





Transfer



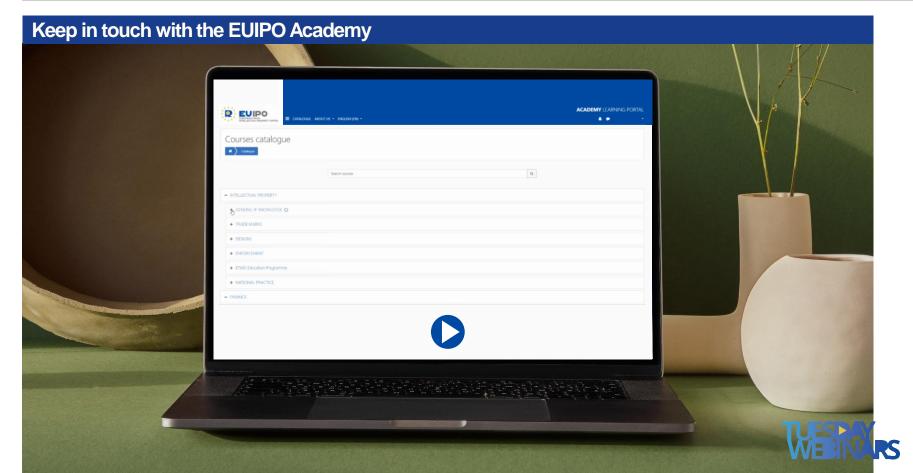














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THANK YOU

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